

Adopted 5/19/97

23

BOOK 02 PAGE 508

LEE COUNTY ANIMAL CONTROL ORDINANCE

ARTICLE I

Section 2-3-1

Animal Shelter: Any premises designated by the county for the purpose of impounding and caring for all animals found running at large or otherwise subject to impounding in accordance with the provisions of this ordinance.

At Large: Any animal shall be deemed to be at large when he is off the property of its owner and not under restraint of a competent person.

Attack: An animal, on or off its owner property, that approaches a person in a vicious, terrorizing, or threatening manner or apparent attitude of attack, without the animal having been teased, molested, provoked, beaten, tortured, or otherwise harmed.

Attack Training Facility: Any person, group of persons, partnership or corporation engaged in boarding, breeding, selling or training dogs or other animals in mode of attack.

Dangerous Animal: Any animal that has demonstrated a fierce or dangerous propensity or tendency to do any act which may endanger persons or property. This would include but not be limited to any dog which (1) assaults, bites, attacks or inflicts injury on a human being without provocation on public or private property and/or (2) which has killed or injured a pet or domestic animal without provocation. **Exceptions:** No dog is dangerous pursuant to this definition if at the time the threat, injury or damage was sustained, the person attacked was teasing, tormenting, abusing or assaulting the dog, or has in the past teased, tormented, abused or assaulted the dog or was committing or attempting to commit a crime. Nor shall a dog be considered dangerous pursuant to this definition if it has attacked or injured a pet or domesticated animal in defense of an attack by another animal or if it is protecting or defending its young.

Dealer: Any person who is licensed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture as a dealer.

Domestic Animal: Any of various animals as horses, sheep, cattle, goats, hogs, poultry, etc; domesticated by men so as to live and breed in a tame condition.

Exhibitor: Any person which is licensed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture as an exhibitor.

Inherently Dangerous Mammal: Inherently dangerous mammal is any live member of the canidae, felidae, or ursidae families, which, due to their inherent nature, may be considered dangerous to humans and which include:

1. **Canidae** including any member of the dog (canid) family not customarily domesticated by man, but not including domestic dogs (*Canis familiaris*).
2. **Felidae**, including any member of the cat family weighing over fifteen (15) pounds not customarily domesticated by man, but not including domestic cats (*Felis catus*)
3. **Ursidae**, including any member of the bear family, or any hybrids thereof.

Exposed to Rabies: - An animal has been exposed to rabies within the meaning of this ordinance, if it has been bitten by, or been exposed to, any animal known or suspected to have been infected with rabies.

Kennel, Dealer, Breeder or Pet Shop: Any person, group of persons partnership or corporation engaged in buying, selling, breeding or boarding animals.

Neutered: - Any male animal which has been operated upon to prevent reproduction.

Owner: Any person, group of persons, firm, partnership or corporation owning, keeping, having charge of, sheltering, feeding, harboring or taking care of any animal. The owner is responsible for the care, actions and behavior of his animals. In the event that the owner or keeper of an animal is a minor, the parent or guardian of such minor shall be held liable for non-compliance with the provision of this ordinance.

Pet A domesticated animal kept for pleasure rather than utility.

Restraint: Animal is under restraint within the meaning of this ordinance if it is (1) controlled by means of a chain, leash, or other like device; (2) on or within a vehicle being driven or parked; (3) within a secure enclosure; or (4) within the dwelling house of the owner or keeper.

Secure Enclosure: A fence or structure of adequate height, forming or causing a humane enclosure suitable to prevent the animal from escaping and to prevent the entry of young children. For purposes of this definition, a home, mobile home or separate garage do not meet this definition.

Spayed: Any female animal which has been operated upon to prevent conception.

Stray: Any dog or cat that appears stray, homeless or unwanted, and any dog that is not displaying a valid rabies tag unless exempted under Section 2-3-18.

Untimely: Between the hours of 11:00 P.M. and 7:00 A.M.

Section 2-3-2. Establishment and Composition of the Animal Control Program

(A) There is hereby created the Animal Control Program of Lee County Hereinafter referred to as The Animal Control Program, which shall be composed of such employees as shall be determined by the Board of Commissioners. Such employees shall be appointed by the Health Director and compensated in accordance with the personnel policies of Lee County.

(B) Employees or agents enforcing this chapter shall be designated as animal control officers. In the performance of their duties, animal control officers shall have all powers, authority and immunity granted under this chapter and by the general laws of this state to enforce the provisions of this chapter, and the General Statutes of North Carolina as they relate to the care, treatment, control or impounding of animals.

(C) Except as may be otherwise provided by statutes, local laws or ordinances, no officer, or agent or employee of the county charged with the duty of enforcing the provisions of this chapter or other applicable laws shall be personally liable for any damage that may accrue to persons or property as a result of any act required or permitted in the discharge of such duties unless he acts with actual malice.

Section 2-3-3. General Duties of Animal Control Program

A. The Animal Control Program shall be charged with the responsibility of

(1) Enforcing, in this county, all state and county laws, ordinances and resolutions relating to the care, custody and control of animals.

(2) Assisting in the enforcement of the laws of the state with regard to animals and especially with regard to vaccination of animals against rabies and the confinement or controlling of dangerous animals, dangerous dogs, and exotic animals.

(3) Investigating cruelty or abuse with regard to animals.

(4) Making such canvasses of the county, including the homes in the county, as it deems necessary for the purpose of ascertaining that all animals are vaccinated against rabies as required by local ordinance or state statute.

B. It shall be the duty of The Animal Control Program to keep, or cause to be kept, accurate and detailed records of:

- (1) Impoundment and disposition of all animals coming into the animal shelter and shelters.
- (2) Bite cases, violations and complaints, and investigation of same.
- (3) All monies belonging to the county which were derived from penalties.
- (4) All other records deemed necessary.

Section 2-3-4. Cruelty to Animals

It shall be unlawful for any person to molest, torture, torment, deprive of necessary sustenance, cruelly beat, needlessly mutilate or kill, wound, injure, poison, abandon or subject to conditions detrimental to its health or general welfare any animal, or cause or procure such a action. The words "torture" and "torment" shall be held to include every act, omission or neglect whereby unjustifiable physical pain, suffering or death is caused or permitted; but such terms shall not be construed to prohibit lawful shooting of birds, deer and other game for human food, not to prohibit as animal's owner, a veterinarian, the Health Director or animal control program agents from destroying dangerous, unwanted, injured or exotic animals in a humane manner, nor to prohibit the lawful use of animals in scientific research.

An animal cruelty investigator (s) may be appointed by the Lee County Board of Commissioners as provided under General Statute 19A-45. This person shall have the responsibility for carrying out the defined duties of an animal cruelty investigator as mandated by General Statutes 19A-(46-47). An animal control officer may be requested to accompany the investigator on animal seizures.

Section 2-3-5. Animals Creating Nuisance

It shall be unlawful for any person to own, keep, possess or maintain an animal in such a manner so as to constitute a public nuisance.

(A) The actions of an animal constitute a nuisance when an animal disturbs the rights of, threatens the safety of, damages a member of the general public, or interferes with the ordinary use and enjoyment of private or public property, by way of example and not of limitation, the following acts or actions by an owner or possessor of an animal are hereby declared to be a nuisance and are therefore unlawful:

- (1) Maintaining an animal that habitually or repeatedly disturbs, interferes with or annoys human beings.

- (2) Maintaining an animal that tips over garbage pails or damages gardens, flowers or vegetables.
 - (3) Failing to confine in a building or secure enclosure a female dog while in heat.
 - (4) Allowing or permitting animal to bark, whine, howl, or yowl in an excessive, continuous or untimely fashion, or to make other noise in such a manner so as to result in a serious annoyance or interference with the reasonable use and enjoyment of neighboring premises.
 - (5) Maintaining an animal that chases, snaps at, attacks or otherwise molests pedestrians, bicyclist, motor vehicle passengers or farm stock or domestic animals.
 - (6) Maintaining an animal that habitually or continuously loiters on public places.
 - (7) Maintaining an animal that is diseased and dangerous to the health of the public unless under the care of licensed veterinarian.
- (B) Any owner permitting an animal(s) to act in ways that creates a public nuisance as defined in section 2-3-5A shall pay a penalty of:
- 1. First violation warning, verbal and or written to animal's owner
 - 2. Second violation \$25.00
 - 3. Third violation \$50.00
 - 4. Fourth violation \$250 and/or confiscation of said animal and placement at the San Lee Humane Society. Owner will be responsible for all fees incurred for boarding and care and will pay fees to the Society as specified in their policy and procedure.
- (C) Said penalty shall be paid within seventy-two (72) hours of the issuance of citation for violation of this section.

Section 2-3-6. Confinement and Control of Inherently Dangerous Mammals

- (A) It shall be unlawful for any owner to keep an inherently dangerous mammal within the county.
- (B) Exemptions

The following shall be exempt from this ordinance:

- 1. Any nonprofit institution or exhibitor or dealer which owns or harbors inherently dangerous mammals for research, provided that such institution/facility/premises are licensed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture or Interior.
- 2. Traveling fairs, circuses and carnivals shall also be exempt from this section.

(C) Recapturing

The owner of any inherently dangerous mammal shall reimburse Lee County for all costs incurred while attempting to recapture any escaped inherently dangerous mammal. If the animal is sheltered or euthanized by Animal Control, the owner shall also pay these costs.

Section 2-3-7 Confinement and Control of Dangerous Animals and Dangerous Dogs

(A) It is unlawful for any owner to maintain or harbor an unrestrained dangerous dog or animal which (1) bites, inflicts injury, assaults, or otherwise attacks a human being without provocation on public or private property or (2) injures or kills a pet or domesticated animal and is substantiated through an investigation conducted by the Animal Control Officer. Said dog or animal shall be deemed dangerous.

(B) The owner will be notified in writing to confine the dog or animal in a humane secure enclosure. The owner shall place a plainly visible warning sign on the secure enclosure that a dangerous dog or animal is on the premises.

(C) The owner shall have 30 days from the date of notification to provide a humane secure enclosure. The animal deemed "Dangerous" shall be under constant restraint on the owner's property during this period.

(D) An animal control officer is empowered to confiscate the dog or animal and harbor it at the owner's expense pending the owner's construction of a humane secure enclosure. If any dangerous dog or animal is confiscated under this provision, the owner of the dangerous dog or animal shall be given written notice at the time of notification that the owner fails to provide a secure enclosure upon the expiration of thirty (30) days from confiscation Animal Control is Authorized to dispose of the animal. If the owner constructs a secure enclosure which is approved by Animal Control, and the animal is not being destroyed pursuant to 2-3-15 (B) and (D), the animal may be redeemed within thirty (30) days from the confiscation so long as all fees owing to Animal Control for harboring the animal are paid.

(E) Dogs or animals trained or being trained in mode of attack are subject to the provision of (B), (C) and (D) of this section.

Section 2-3-8. Requirements for Attack Training Facility

It shall be unlawful for any person, group of persons, partnership or corporation to conduct training in mode of attack for dogs or other animals at any location unless such training is conducted within a secure enclosure.

Such training within a secure enclosure within the meaning of this ordinance if it is performed within (1) A Fence or structure of adequate height to prevent the dog or animal from jumping, climbing or otherwise escaping from the secure enclosure and (2) said training is conducted in the presence of the owner(s) or trainer(s) at all times.

Any dog or animal trained or being trained in mode of attack is deemed to be dangerous and is subject to all provision of this ordinance relative to dangerous dogs or dangerous animals.

Section 2-3-9. Confiscation of Animals

Any dangerous animal or dangerous dog not kept in accordance with the requirement of this chapter, may be confiscated by the animal control officer and harbored at the owner's expense until the owner complies with the requirements of this chapter, not to exceed 30 days. After this time the animal may be euthanized in a humane manner.

Section 2-3-10. Required Notification to Animal Control Program by Owners of Dangerous Animals or Dangerous Dogs

The owner of a dangerous animal or dangerous dog shall inform the Animal Control Program, as soon as practical, but not later than 24 hours, after the occurrence of any of the following:

- (1) An assault, attack or biting upon any human being by such animal in the owner's care or control
- (2) An attack or biting upon any domesticated animal or pet while said animal is off the owner's property.
- (3) The roaming or escape of any animal required to be restrained or confined to a secure enclosure.

Section 2-3-11 Dogs or Animals Used For Sentry or Guard Duty

A sign warning that there is a guard or sentry dog or animal on the premises shall be displayed. The owner shall post a plainly visible sign upon the secure enclosure warning that a dangerous dog or animal is on the premises.

Section 2-3-12. Teasing and Molesting

It shall be unlawful for any person to tease, bait, or in any way molest any animal.

Section 2-3-13 Law Enforcement Dogs Excluded

Any dog used by a law enforcement agency in the investigation of crimes or as otherwise necessary in the enforcement of the law is excluded from requirements of this chapter with the exception that they are regulated by the provisions of Article II and III of this ordinance.

Section 2-3-14. Interference with Enforcement of Chapter

✓ It shall be unlawful for any person to interfere with, hinder or molest the Animal Control Program agents or officers or veterinarians in the performance of any duty authorized by this chapter, or to seek to release any animal in the custody of such agents, except as otherwise specifically provided.

Section 2-3-15 Imposition of Penalties for Violation of Chapter

(A) Except as otherwise provided, any person who violates any provision of this ordinance, shall be fined a civil penalty of one hundred dollars (\$100.00). If the violation is continued, each day's violation shall constitute a separate offense. Payment of said penalties shall be made within seventy-two (72) hours. Civil penalties may be assessed by citation and recovered by Lee County in a civil action in the nature of a debt.

(B) If any dangerous animal or dangerous dog shall, when unprovoked, attack, assault, wound, bite or otherwise injure or kill a human being, the owner shall pay a five hundred dollar (\$500.00) fine. If not paid after a ten (10) day waiting period exclusive of Sundays and holidays, said animal may be destroyed by the Animal Control Program. For each subsequent violation the owner shall pay a fifteen hundred dollar (\$1,500.00) civil penalty for owning or keeping a dangerous animal which attacks, assaults, wounds, bites or otherwise injures or kills a human being and said animal may be destroyed by the Animal Control Program.

(C) If any dangerous animal or dangerous dog shall, when unprovoked, kill, wound, worry, or assist in wounding any domestic animal or pet, the owner of said dog shall pay a two hundred fifty dollar (\$250.00) civil penalty and the animal control program is empowered to confiscate and, after the expiration of a ten (10) day waiting period exclusive of Sundays and holidays, may destroy said dangerous dog or animal. For each subsequent violation the owner of said dog shall pay a civil penalty of five hundred dollars (\$500.00).

(D) Violation of this ordinance may subject the violator to criminal as well as civil action. In addition to the civil penalties or fees imposed under this ordinance, violation of this chapter shall be a misdemeanor for which a criminal summons may be issued. Any person convicted of such violation shall be punishable as provided in N.C.G.S. 14.4. Each day's violation of this section is a separate offense. Payment of a fine imposed in criminal proceedings pursuant to this subsection does not relieve a person of his liability for taxes, civil penalties or fees imposed under this ordinance.

(E) In addition, enforcement of this ordinance may be by appropriate equitable remedy, injunction or order of abatement issued by a court of competent jurisdiction.

ARTICLE II
RABIES CONTROL

Section 2-3-16. Compliance with State Law, Article as Supplement to State Law

(A) It shall be unlawful for any animal owner or other person to fail to comply with the state laws relating to the control of rabies.

(B) It is the purpose of this article to supplement the state laws by providing a procedure for the enforcement of state laws relating to rabies control, in addition to the criminal penalties provided by state law.

Section 2-3-17. Inoculation of Dogs, Cats and Other Pets

(A) It shall be unlawful for an owner to fail to provide a current inoculation against rabies (hydrophobia) for any dog or cat four (4) months of age or older. Should it be deemed necessary by the County Health Director, the Board of County Commissioners, or the State Public Health Veterinarian that other pets be inoculated in order to prevent a threatened epidemic or to control an existing epidemic, it shall be unlawful for an owner to fail to provide current inoculation against rabies for that pet.

(B) A rabies inoculation shall be deemed "current" for a dog and cat if two inoculations have been given one year apart and booster doses of rabies vaccine administered every three years thereafter.

Section 2-3-18. Inoculation Tag

(A) Upon complying with the provision of Section 2-3-18 of this article there shall be issued to the owner of the animal inoculated a numbered metallic tag, stamped with the number and the year for which issued, and indicating that the animal has been inoculated against rabies.

(B) It shall be unlawful for any dog or cat owner to fail to provide proof of vaccination for their dog or cat with a current tag and vaccination papers.

(C) It shall be unlawful for any person to use for any animal a rabies inoculation tag issued for an animal other than the animal that received the vaccine.

Section 2-3-19. Report and Confinement of Animals Biting Persons or Showing Symptoms of Rabies

(A) Every dog or cat which has bitten any person or which shows symptoms of rabies shall be confined immediately; and shall be promptly reported to the Animal Control Program, for a period of ten (10) days, and shall not be released from such quarantine except by written permission from the Animal Control Program.

(B) Dogs and cats quarantined under this section shall be confined in a veterinary hospital, boarding kennel, or San-Lee Humane Society, at the expense of the owner. However, if an animal control officer determines that the owner of an animal which must be quarantined has adequate confinement facilities upon his own premises, the animal control officer may authorize the animal to be confined on such premises. The animal control officer may not authorize the animal to be confined on the owners premises unless the owner has a fenced-in secure enclosure in his yard and the fenced-in secure enclosure has no entrances or exits that are not locked, and the animal is currently vaccinated against rabies. Proof will be required at the time of investigation. If the animal is confined on the owner's premises, the animal control officer shall revisit the premises for inspection purposes at approximately the middle of the confinement period and again at the conclusion of the confinement period,

(C) In the case of stray dogs or cats whose ownership is not known, the dogs or cats may be euthanized and the head examined for rabies or kept for the supervised quarantine period required by this section at the county animal shelter.

(D) If rabies does not develop within ten (10) days after a dog or cat is quarantined under this section, the dog or cat may be released from quarantine with the written permission of the animal control program. If the dog or cat has been confined in the county animal shelter, the owner shall pay any necessary fees and a boarding fee set by the San-Lee Humane Society.

(E) In the case of any carnivore or bat the animal may be euthanized and the head examined for rabies.

Section 2-3-20. Animal Bitten by Rabid Animal or Suspected Rabid Animal

✓ Unvaccinated animals bitten by a known rabid animal or a suspected rabid animal which is unavailable for testing shall be immediately destroyed. If the animal has a current rabies inoculation, it shall be revaccinated and returned to the owner.

Section 2-3-21. Area-Wide Emergency Quarantine

(A) When reports indicate a positive diagnosis of rabies, the county Director of Public Health may order an area-wide quarantine for such period as he deems necessary. Upon invoking of such emergency quarantine, no dog, cat or other carnivores shall be taken into the streets or permitted to be in the streets during such period. During such quarantine, no dog or cat or other carnivore may be taken or shipped from the county without written permission of the Animal Control Program, and the police and sheriffs departments are hereby directed during such emergency, to impound any dog, cat or other carnivore found running at large in the county. During the quarantine period, the Animal Control Program or local health authorities shall be empowered to provide for a program of mass immunization by the establishment of temporary emergency rabies vaccination facilities strategically located throughout the county.

(B) In the event there are additional positive cases of rabies occurring during the period of quarantine, such period of quarantine may be extended at the discretion of the County Director of Public Health.

Section 2-3-22. Postmortem Diagnosis

(A) If an animal dies while under observation for rabies, the head of such animal shall be submitted to the County Health Department for shipment to the laboratory of the Division of Health Services for rabies diagnosis.

(B) The carcass of any animal suspected of dying of rabies shall be surrendered to the Animal Control Program. The head of such animal shall be submitted to the County Health Department for shipment to the Laboratory Section of the Division of Health Services for rabies diagnosis.

Section 2-3-23. Unlawful killing, Releasing, etc. of Certain Animals

It shall be unlawful for any person to kill or release any animal under observation for rabies, any animal suspected of having been exposed to rabies, or any animal biting a human, or to remove such animal from the county without written permission from the Animal Control Program and the County Director of Health.

Section 2-3-24. Failure to Surrender Animal for Quarantine or Destruction

It shall be unlawful for any person to fail or refuse to surrender any animal for quarantine or destruction as required in this article, when demand is made therefore by the Animal Control Program.

ARTICLE III
IMPOUNDMENT

Section 2-3-25. Generally

Any animal which appears to be lost, stray or unwanted, or which is found to be not wearing a valid rabies vaccination tag, as required by state law and this ordinance, and not under restraint in violation of this ordinance, shall be impounded by the Animal Control Program and confined in an animal shelter in a humane manner. Impoundment of such an animal shall not relieve the owner thereof from any penalty which may be imposed for violation of this ordinance.

Section 2-3-26. Notice to Owner

Immediately upon impounding an animal, the animal control program shall make reasonable effort to notify the owner and inform such owner of the conditions whereby the animal may be redeemed. If the owner is unknown or cannot be located, notice of such impoundment shall be posted for five (5) days, or until the animal is disposed of, at the animal shelter. The time and place of taking of such animal, together with the time and date of posting the notice shall be stated herein.

Section 2-3-27. Redemption by Owner Generally

(A) The owner of an animal under this article may redeem the animal and regain possession thereof within one hundred twenty (120) hours, (5) days after notice of impoundment is given or posted, as required by Section 2-3-26, by complying with all applicable provisions of this chapter and paying any necessary veterinarian's fee and a boarding fee set by the San-Lee Humane Society.

(B) No animal owner may be permitted to adopt his own animal under the provisions of Section 2-3-27 in order to reclaim an animal that has been impounded pursuant to state law for this article.

Section 2-3-28. Destruction or Adoption of Unredeemed Animal Generally

(A) If impounded animal is not redeemed by the owner within the period prescribed in Section 2-3-28, it may be destroyed in a humane manner or shall become the property of the San-Lee Humane Society's shelter (s) and offered for adoption to any responsible adult who is willing to comply with the ordinance. Such animal may be adopted or purchased by the first such person who pays the adoption or purchase fee and rabies vaccination if unvaccinated for rabies.

(B) All unsterilized dogs and cats 4 months of age or older adopted from the SanLee Humane Society shall be either spayed or neutered within (30) days of their adoption. All animals adopted under 4 months of age shall be spayed or neutered by 5 months of age. Written proof of the sterilization shall be promptly provided by the adopter to the San-Lee Humane Society. The adoption of any animal not sterilized pursuant to this section shall be deemed to violate the provision of this section and shall be returned by the applicant for re-adoption to the San-Lee Humane Society. The SanLee Humane Society is authorized to obtain an adoption agreement from an applicant to implement the provisions of this section.

(C) No animal which has been impounded by reason of its being a stray unclaimed by its owner, shall be allowed to be adopted from the animal shelter during a period of emergency rabies quarantine invoked pursuant to Section 2-3-21 of this ordinance, except by special authorization of the Director of Public Health.

(D) Any animals that exhibit fierce, dangerous or aggressive behavior will not be offered for adoption.

Section 2-3-29. Procedure with Respect to Redemption or Adoption of Unvaccinated Dog or Cat

(A) Unless proof of a current rabies vaccination can be furnished, every person who either adopts or redeems a dog or cat at the animal shelter will be given "proof of rabies vaccination card" at the time of the redemption or adoption. This card will be stamped with a date stating the maximum time limit allowed to take the dog or cat to the veterinarian of such person's choice for rabies vaccination. The time limit for dogs and cats four (4) months and older will be seventy-two (72) hours, with Sundays and holidays excluded. For puppies and kittens under four (4) months, the time limit will vary according to their age.

(B) The "proof of rabies vaccination card" will be completed and returned to the animal shelter by the veterinarian. If this card is not returned to the animal shelter within the time limit specified on the card, an animal control officer will be dispatched to retrieve the dog or cat.

(C) Payment for the rabies vaccination provided for this section will be the responsibility of the person redeeming or adopting the animal.

Section 2-3-30. Suspected Rabid Animal not to be Redeemed or Adopted

Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, animals impounded which appear to be suffering from rabies shall not be redeemed or adopted, but shall be dealt with in accordance with Article II of this ordinance.

Section 2-3-31. Destruction of Wounded or Diseased Animals

Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, any animal impounded which is badly wounded or diseased (not a rabies suspect) and has no identification shall be destroyed immediately in a humane manner. If the animal has identification, the Animal Control Program shall attempt to notify the owner before disposing of such, but if the owner cannot be reached readily, and the animal is suffering, the Animal Control Program may destroy the animal at its discretion in a humane manner.

Section 2-3-32. Effective Date

This ordinance adopted by the Lee County Board of Commissioners on

NORTH CAROLINA, LEE COUNTY
Presented for registration on the 31st day
of June 19 97 at 2:00 P. M.
recorded in Book 2 page 508
Nellie W Thomas, Register of Deeds

Adopted 6/16/97

AMENDED LEE COUNTY ANIMAL CONTROL ORDINANCE

ARTICLE II

RABIES CONTROL

Section 2-3-16. Compliance with State Law, Article as Supplement to State Law

(A) It shall be unlawful for any animal owner or other person to fail to comply with the state laws relating to the control of rabies.

(B) It is the purpose of this article to supplement the state laws by providing a procedure for the enforcement of state laws relating to rabies control, in addition to the criminal penalties provided by state law.

Section 2-3-17. Inoculation of Dogs, Cats and Other Pets

(A) It shall be unlawful for an owner to fail to provide a current inoculation against rabies (hydrophobia) for any dog or cat four (4) months of age or older. Should it be deemed necessary by the County Health Director, the Board of County Commissioners, or the State Public Health Veterinarian that other pets be inoculated in order to prevent a threatened epidemic or to control an existing epidemic, it shall be unlawful for an owner to fail to provide current inoculation against rabies for that pet.

(B) A rabies inoculation shall be deemed "current" for a dog and cat if two inoculations have been given one year apart and booster doses of rabies vaccine administered every three years thereafter.

Section 2-3-18. Inoculation Tag

(A) Upon complying with the provision of Section 2-3-18 of this article there shall be issued to the owner of the animal inoculated a numbered metallic tag, stamped with the number and the year for which issued, and indicating that the animal has been inoculated against rabies.

(B) It shall be unlawful for any dog or cat owner to fail to provide the dog or cat with a collar or harness to which a current tag issued under this section is securely attached. The collar or harness, with attached tag, must be worn at all times, except during the time the cat is performing at shows, or the dog is hunting or performing at shows, obedience trials, tracking tests, field trials, schools or other events sanctioned and supervised by a recognized organization.

ARTICLE III
IMPOUNDMENT

Section 2-3-26. Notice to Owner

Immediately upon impounding an animal, the animal control program shall make reasonable effort to notify the owner and inform such owner of the conditions whereby the animal may be redeemed. If the owner is unknown or cannot be located, notice of such impoundment shall be posted for four (4) days, or until the animal is disposed of, at the animal shelter. The time and place of taking of such animal, together with the time and date of posting the notice shall be stated herein.

Section 2-3-27. Redemption by Owner Generally

(A) The owner of an animal under this article may redeem the animal and regain possession thereof within ninety-six (96) hours, (4) days after notice of impoundment is given or posted, as required by Section 2-3-26, by complying with all applicable provisions of this chapter and paying any necessary veterinarian's fee and a boarding fee set by the San-Lee Humane Society.

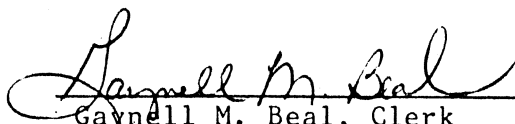
Section 2-3-28. Destruction or Adoption of Unredeemed Animal Generally

(A) If impounded animal is not redeemed by the owner within the period prescribed by Section 2-3-27, it may be destroyed in a humane manner or shall become the property of the San-Lee Humane Society's shelter(s) and offered for adoption to any responsible adult who is willing to comply with the ordinance. Such animal may be adopted or purchased by the first person who pays the adoption or purchase fee and rabies vaccination if unvaccinated for rabies.

I, Gaynell M. Beal, Clerk to the Board do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and complete copy approved by the Lee County Board of Commissioners on June 16, 1997.

Witness my hand and the official seal of Lee County this 23rd day of July, 1997.




Gaynell M. Beal, Clerk

Lee County Board of Commissioners

NORTH CAROLINA, LEE COUNTY
Presented for registration on the 23 day
of July 1997 at 2:00 P.M.
recorded in Book 2 page 525